



Proximity switch **iNA14**

non-contact signal transmitter acc. to EN 50227 (NAMUR)

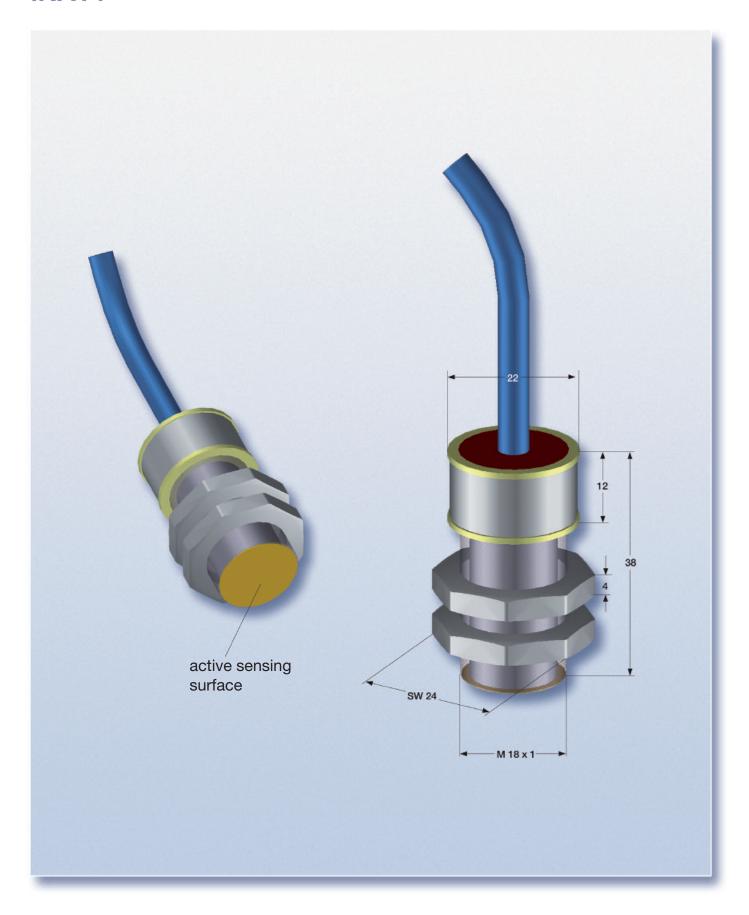
- Nominal switching distance 5 mm
- Operation by means of a metal target
- Almost inertia-free due to an electronic oscillator circuit
- High safety against interfering pulses
- Wear-resistant and maintenance-free
- Type of protection: IP 65 according to EN 60529/IEC 529; EEx ia I intrinsically safe according to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)



Belt track monitoring with the proximity switch iNA14



iNA14





iNA14

FUNCTION AND DESIGN

NAMUR proximity switches are two-wire sensors which detect metallic materials without contacting them. Physically, metal approaching the active sensing surface attenuates the oscillator in the proximity switches, that is it decreases the oscillating amplitude. Attenuation is effected by metallic targets.

The nominal distance stated in the technical data refers to a target made of St 37 steel. When using other metallic materials reductions of the distance have to be taken into consideration.

Attenuating the oscillator results in a current change which is identical with the output switching command. For triggering the switching command it is of no importance whether non-metallic materials such as e.g. glass, plastic, or rubber are located between the metallic target and the active sensing surface. Another positive feature of the oscillator is its high degree of safety against interfering pulses.

Due to the response time of the proximity switch and particularly of the control device a minimum switching sector length is required which determines the duration of the attenuation. Deattenuation requires a pause sector of at least twice the length.

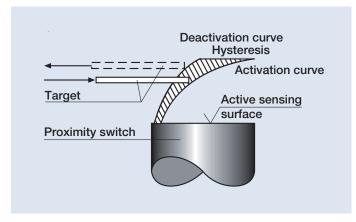
The proximity switches can be used for controlling safety-relevant control and monitoring circuits. The respective criteria are defined in EN 50227 (NAMUR). Irrespective of the status of the control they allow to permanently monitor lines and cables for broken conductors and short circuits.

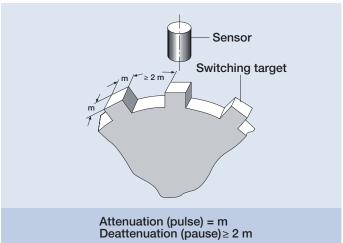
The electronic components are embedded in cast resin. The solid construction with the brass housing ensures adequate safety with respect to explosion protection and mechanical damage.

Application

- The proximity switch can be used in all applications where motions have to be detected and evaluated. It is thus used as control and monitoring organ in conveyor and crane installations, transfer lines, machine control systems, as well as for solving general automation problems.
- It is possible to install the proximity switch flush in metal (shielded). This arrangement, however, already causes an attenuation of the oscillator. Therefore, the switching distance to the metal target has to be reduced.

Response curve:





Type iNA14 ➤ Size = m

(This applies to a circumferential speed of the switching target of up to 7.5m/s. If the circumferential speed is higher a larger switching target will be required. Please contact us if that situation occurs.)



iNA14

TECHNICAL DATA

Nominal switching distance	for St 37 for nickel for brass for aluminium for copper	5 mm -15 % -45 % -50 % -55 %
Size of the target		(18 x 18 x 2) mm
Switching frequency		1000 hz
Control signal		based on EN 50227 (NAMUR)
Nominal voltage		up to 12 VDC
Nominal operation (U $_{o}$ = 8,2 VDC, Ri = 1 k Ω)		I attenuated ≤ 1.2 mA I deattenuated ≥ 2.1 mA
		NAMUR-sensor O + 8,2 VDC R _{i=1 kΩ} Evaluation O V
Hysteresis		(1-5) %
Repeat accuracy		< 2 %
Temperature range		-20°C to 85°C
Installation		flush mounting in metal possible
Type of protection		IP 65 according to EN 60529/IEC 529; I M2 EEx ia I acc. to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)
Certificate number		DMT 00 ATEX E 036 X

TYPE CODE AND ORDERING INFORMATION

iNA14-1L-234-5 L=2 m	Screw-in thread M 18 x 1; with connection cable 2 m long
iNA14-1K-234-5	same as before, but with terminal connection
	Other variants upon request!